

## **References**

- American Psychiatric Association. (1994). *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders*. (4th ed.). Washington, DC: American Psychiatric Association.
- Amick-McMullan, A., D. Kilpatrick and H.S. Resnick. (1991). "Homicide as a Risk Factor for PTSD Among Surviving Family Members." *Behavior Modification*, 15(4): 545-559.
- Asaro, M. R. (1992). *Families of Murder Victims: Reactions and Coping Experiences*. Masters Thesis. Ann Arbor, MI: University Microfilm.
- Federal Bureau of Investigation. (1997). *Crime in the United States, 1996*. Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice.
- Federal Bureau of Investigation. (1995). *Crime in the United States, 1994*. Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice.
- Janoff-Bulman, R. (1992). *Shattered Assumptions: Toward a New Psychology of Trauma*. New York: The Free Press.
- Lord, J. H. (1988). *Beyond Sympathy*. Ventura, CA: Pathfinder Publishing.
- Rando, T. (1993). *Complicated Mourning*. Champaign, IL: Research Press.
- Redmond, L. (1989). *Surviving: When Someone You Love Was Murdered*. Clearwater, FL: Psychological Consultation and Education Services, Inc.
- Rynearson, E. K. (1984). "Bereavement After Homicide: A Descriptive Study." *American Journal of Psychiatry*, 11: 1452-1454.
- Wolfelt, A. D. (1992). *Understanding Grief: Helping Yourself Heal*. Muncie, IN: Accelerated Development, Inc., Publishers.
- Worden, J. W. (1991). *Grief Counseling and Grief Therapy*. New York: Springer Publishing Company.

### *Adapted from:*

All rights reserved. Copyright © 2001 by the National Center for Victims of Crime. This information may be freely distributed, provided that it is distributed free of charge, in its entirety and includes this copyright notice.